## House Study Bill 691

SENATE/HOUSE FILE BY (PROPOSED GOVERNOR'S BILL)

Senate, Date Ayes Nays Approved	Passed House, Date Vote: Ayes Nays
Approved	A BILL FOR

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1 An Act relating to voting machines and electronic voting systems. 2 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA: 3 TLSB 5460XL 80 4 sc/gg/14 1 Section 1. Section 52.1, subsection 2, paragraph h, Code 2 2003, is amended to read as follows: 1 h. "Voting machine" means a mechanical or electronic 4 device, meeting the requirements of section 52.7, designated 5 for use in casting, registering, recording, and counting votes 6 at an election. "Voting machine" includes, but is not limited 7 to, direct recording electronic devices. 8 Sec. 2. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 52.2A DUTY OF COMMISSIONER. The commissioner shall ensure that any computer employed to 1 1 10 define ballots, cast and count votes, report or display 1 11 election results, and maintain and produce any audit trail 1 12 information relating to a voting machine or electronic voting 1 13 system shall not receive or transmit any data from another 1 14 computer unrelated to the function of the voting machine or 1 15 electronic voting system and that such computer shall not be 1 16 connected to a computer network or server unrelated to the 1 17 function of the voting machine or electronic voting system, or 1 18 to the internet. 1 19 This section applies to voting machines or electronic 1 20 voting systems in use on or after January 1, 2006. 1 21 Sec. 3. Section 52.5, unnumbered paragraphs 2 and 3, Code 1 22 2003, are amended to read as follows: 23 The state commissioner shall formulate, with the advice and 1 24 assistance of the examiners, and adopt rules governing the 1 25 testing and examination of any voting machine or electronic 26 voting system by the board of examiners. The rules shall 27 prescribe the method to be used in determining whether the 1 1 28 machine or system is suitable for use within the state and 1 29 performance standards for voting equipment in use within the 30 state. The rules shall provide that all electronic voting 31 systems and voting machines approved for use by the examiners 32 after April 9, 2003, shall meet voting systems performance and 33 test standards, as adopted by the federal election commission 34 on April 30, 2002, and as deemed adopted by Pub. L. No. 107= 35 252, section 222. The rules shall include standards for 1 determining when a requirement that recertification is 2 necessary following modifications to the equipment or to the 3 programs used in tabulating votes, and a procedure for 4 rescinding certification if a system or machine is found not 2 2 2 5 to comply with performance standards adopted by the state 6 commissioner. The state commissioner may employ a competent person or 8 persons to assist the examiners in their evaluation of the 9 equipment and to advise the examiners as to the sufficiency of 2 10 the equipment. Consultant fees Fees charged for the employment of a person or persons to assist and advise the 2 12 examiners shall be paid by the person who requested the 2 13 certification. Following the examination and testing of the 2 14 voting machine or system the examiners shall report to the 2 15 state commissioner describing the testing and examination of 2 16 the machine or system and upon the capacity of the machine or

2 17 system to register the will of voters, its accuracy and 2 18 efficiency, and with respect to its mechanical perfections and 2 19 imperfections. Their report shall be filed in the office of 2 20 the state commissioner and shall state whether in their 21 opinion the kind of machine or system so examined can be 22 safely used by voters at elections under the conditions 2 23 prescribed in this chapter. If the report states that the 2 24 machine or system can be so used, it shall be deemed approved 2 25 by the examiners, and machines or systems of its kind may be

2 26 adopted for use at elections as provided in this section. 2 27 form of voting machine or system not so approved cannot be 2 28 used at any election. Before actual use by a county of a 2 29 particular electronic voting system which has been approved 2 30 for use in this state, the state commissioner shall formulate, 31 with the advice and assistance of the examiners, and adopt 32 rules governing the development of vote counting programs and 33 all procedures used in actual counting of votes by means of 34 that system. 2 Section 52.7, Code 2003, is amended to read as Sec. 4. 35 3 follows: 52.7 CONSTRUCTION OF MACHINE APPROVED. 3 A voting machine approved by the state board of examiners 4 for voting machines and electronic voting systems must be so constructed as to provide facilities for voting for the 6 candidates of at least seven different parties or 3 organizations, must permit a voter to vote for any person for 3 8 any office although not nominated as a candidate by any party 9 or organization, and must permit voting in absolute secrecy. 3 10 It must also be so constructed as to prevent voting for 11 more than one person for the same office, except where the 3 12 voter is lawfully entitled to vote for more than one person 3 13 for that office; and it must afford the voter an opportunity 3 14 to vote for any or all persons for that office as the voter is 3 15 by law entitled to vote for and no more, at the same time 3 16 preventing the voter from voting for the same person twice. 3 17 The voting machine must be so constructed as to provide the voter with an opportunity to change a vote before the ballot 19 is recorded and counted. It may also be provided with one ballot in each party 20 3 21 column or row containing only the words "presidential 3 22 electors", preceded by the party name, and a vote for such 3 23 ballot shall operate as a vote for all the candidates of such 3 24 party for presidential electors. 3 25 Such machine shall be so constructed as to accurately 3 26 account for every vote cast upon it. The machine shall be so constructed as to remove information from the ballot 28 identifying the voter before the ballot is recorded and 29 counted. If the machine is a direct electronic recording 30 device, the machine shall be so constructed as to store each ballot cast separate from the ballot tabulation function, which ballot may be reproduced on paper in the case of a 33 recount or machine malfunction. NEW SECTION. 52.42 PROGRAMMING SERVICES. Sec. 5. 3 35 Programming services used to define the contents of ballots for a specific election for voting machines or electronic 4 2 voting systems shall be performed either by the county where the ballot will be used or by the state commissioner of 4 elections. 4 5 IMPLEMENTATION OF ACT. Section 25B.2, subsection 4 6 3, shall not apply to this Act. EXPLANATION This bill makes changes to the law relating to voting 4 9 machines and electronic voting systems. 4 10 The bill specifies that the definition of "voting machine" 4 11 includes direct recording electronic devices. 4 12 The bill requires a county commissioner to ensure that any 4 13 computer used in conjunction with a voting machine or 4 14 electronic voting system shall not receive or transmit data 4 15 unrelated to the function of the voting machine or electronic 4 16 voting system and that the computer shall not be connected to 4 17 a computer network or server unrelated to the function of the 4 18 voting machine or electronic voting system, or to the 4 19 internet. This requirement applies to voting machines or 20 electronic voting systems in use on or after January 1, 2006. 4 2.1 The bill requires the state commissioner of elections to 4 22 provide by rule that voting machines and electronic voting 23 systems approved for use after April 9, 2003, shall meet the 24 voting systems performance and test standards adopted by the 4 25 federal election commission and deemed adopted by the federal 26 Help America Vote Act. This codifies current practice and 27 administrative rule of the state commissioner. The federal 4 28 voting systems performance and test standards require that a 4 29 security audit be performed on voting machines and electronic 30 voting systems. The bill requires that recertification of a voting machine 31 4 32 or electronic voting system is required following any 33 modifications to the equipment or to the programs used in 4 34 tabulating votes. Currently, the state commissioner is 4 35 allowed to set standards, by rule, for determining when 1 recertification is required in the case of such modifications.

The bill adds specificity to current statutory language 3 relating to payment of fees for persons employed to assist and 4 advise the state board of examiners for voting machines and 5 electronic voting systems in their evaluation of a voting 6 machine or electronic voting system.

The bill requires that a voting machine be so constructed as to provide the voter with an opportunity to change a vote before the ballot is recorded and counted. The bill further provides that voting machines be so constructed as to remove information identifying the voter from the ballot before the ballot is recorded and counted. If the machine is a direct recording electronic device, it must have the capability of separately storing each ballot which may be reproduced on paper in the case of a recount or machine malfunction.

5 15 paper in the case of a recount or machine malfunction.
5 16 The bill provides that programming services used to define
5 17 the contents of ballots for a specific election shall be
5 18 performed either by the county where the ballot will be used
5 19 or by the state commissioner of elections.

The bill may include a state mandate as defined in Code section 25B.3. The bill makes inapplicable Code section 22 25B.2, subsection 3, which would relieve a political subdivision from complying with a state mandate if funding for the cost of the state mandate is not provided or specified. Therefore, political subdivisions are required to comply with 26 any state mandate included in the bill.

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